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PART III—Section I

NOTIFICATIONS BY GOVERNMENT

DEVELOPMENT SECRETARIAT

DEVELOPMENT SECRETARIAT.

Dated 11th June 1951.

No. D. 1389. The following copy of Resolution No. 32 (1)-T.B.—51, dated 18th May 1951, received from the Government of India, Ministry of Commerce and Industry, is hereby republished for information of the public.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

R. J. REGO,
Secretary to Government,
Development Department.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

New Delhi, the 18th May 1951.

Resolution.

(Tariffs).

No. 32 (1)-T.B. 51. The Tariff Board was asked to investigate and report on the claim of the Caustic Soda and Bleaching Powder Industry for assistance or protection. The Board, having considered the matter, has submitted its report. Its recommendations are as follows :—

(i) The following protective specific duties should be imposed and remain in force until the 31st March 1954 :—

Name of the Article.	Standard rate of duty.	Preferential rate of duty if the article is the produce or manufacture of the U.K. or a British Colony.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1 Caustic Soda ...	8 10 0 per Cwt.	6 4 0 per Cwt.
2 Bleaching Powder...	2 8 0 per Cwt.	... ...
3 Liquid Chlorine ...	20 2 0 per Cwt.	14 8 0 per Cwt.

(ii) The manufacturers should take early steps to balance their plants so as to enable a fuller utilisation of chlorine by manufacturing suitable chlorine products in the country.

(iii) There is some scope for improvement in the quality of the indigenous caustic soda and manufacturers should take necessary steps to bring the quality up to the standards of the imported article.

(iv) The manufacturers should make the necessary representations to the railway authorities concerned on the question of reduction of railway freights on salt, coke, coal, limestone, and the finished products.

(v) The matter of allocation of an adequate number of wagons and locomotives should be taken up with the authorities concerned.

(vi) The Ministry of Commerce and Industry should arrange to allocate more adequate supplies of M.S. Sheets to the Industry.

(vii) As the grant of a rebate on the salt cess will assist this important industry in reducing its cost of production, Government should sympathetically consider this matter and take an early decision on it.

(viii) The proposal made by D.C.M. Chemicals regarding the substitution of hydrochlorine acid in the place of sulphuric acid for certain industrial uses should be examined by the D.G., Supplies and Disposals and if its practicability is established, the Railway Board should be approached to give favourable consideration to the request for a reduction of freight on hydrochloric acide.

2. As regards recommendation (i), this has been based on the landed cost of caustic soda prevailing at the time of the enquiry, namely, Rs. 26/13 per Cwt., the fair selling price being estimated by the Board at Rs. 27-2-2 per Cwt. The landed cost of imported caustic doda has since increased very considerably. Government do not, therefore, consider that there is at present any need to impose a protective duty as recommended. A watch will, however, be kept on the landed cost of imported caustic soda, and the matter reconsidered, if necessary.

3. Government accept recommendations (ii), (iii), (iv) and (v), and the attention of the industry is invited to these recommendations. Recommendations (vi), (vii) and (viii) are under examination.

4. As caustic soda is specified in the Schedule attached to the Supply and Prices of Goods Act, 1950, Government have taken the opportunity of considering whether any alteration is necessary in the internal controlled price of this commodity. The landed cost of caustic soda at the time of the Board's enquiry was Rs. 26-13-0 per Cwt. This cost has since increased and the controlled price has accordingly been raised to Rs. 40-6-0 per Cwt. f.o.r. Bombay under this Ministry's Notification No. P.C. 7 (8)—50, dated the 19th April 1951. The Board's estimate of the fair selling price of indigenous caustic soda is Rs. 27-2-0 per Cwt. Government have considered whether the controlled price should not be fixed accordingly. In view, however, of the administrative difficulties involved in maintaining two prices for the same commodity and of the fact that the bulk of the requirements of the country has to be imported so that the consuming industries have to pay the higher world price, Government have decided to fix a uniform selling price based on the price of the imported commodity. Government expect indigenous manufacturers, who will benefit by this arrangement, to take advantage of this period to strengthen their financial position and reserves. This will be taken into account when considering any claim from the industry in future for the grant of assistance or protection.

ORDER.

Ordered that a copy of this Resolution be communicated to all concerned and to be published in the *Gazette of India.*

S. A. VENKATARAMAN,
Secretary to Government of India.

FINANCIAL SECRETARIAT

Dated 11th June 1951.

No. Fl. 1527-1627—S.F. 37-51-3. The accompanying letter C. No. 14 (11)-I.T.—51, dated New Delhi, the 12th May 1951 and its enclosure from the Central Board of Revenue on the subject of deduction of surcharge at source under Indian Finance Act, 1951, is reproduced for the

information and guidance of all disbursing officers in the State.

M. SHAMANNA,
Secretary to Government,
1821 *Finance Department.*

Letter C. No. 14 (11)-I.T.—51, dated 12th May 1951 from the Under Secretary, Central Board of Revenue, to all State Governments.

Subject :—Indian Finance Act, 1951—Surcharge Deduction at Source.

I am directed to invite a reference to Section 2 of the Indian Finance Act, 1951, which *inter alia* has increased the rates of income-tax and super-tax by a surcharge amounting to 1—20th of the rates prescribed in Parts I and II of the First Schedule to that Act. As this surcharge has been levied for the purposes of the Union Government it should be classified separately in the accounts under the temporary minor head "Surcharge-Central" opened in Government accounts in connection with the surcharge levied in 1940. Your attention in this connection is invited to letter No. 14 (17)-I.T.—40, dated the 11th January 1941 from the Finance Department (Central Revenues). It will be necessary for the disbursing officers to show separately in the salary and establishment bills the amount of surcharge deducted by them at source in order to facilitate separate classification in the accounts. I am accordingly to request that if the State Governments see no objection, necessary instruction may be issued to all disbursing officers at a very early date.

Copy of letter C. No. 14 (17)-I.T —40, dated the 11th January 1951 from the Government of India, Finance Department (Central Revenues) to All Provincial Governments and Administrations.

INDIAN FINANCE (No. 2) ACT, 1940-SURCHARGE—DEDUCTION OF TAX AT SOURCE.

I am directed to invite a reference to this Department letter C. No. 48 (11)-I.T.—40, dated the 15th November 1940 on the above subject.

2. The Government of India have, in consultation with the Auditor-General, decided that the surcharge on income-tax and super-tax levied by the Indian Finance (No. 2) Act, 1940 for the purposes of the Central Government should be classified separately in the treasury accounts under a temporary minor head 'Surcharge Central' opned for the purpose. It will therefore be necessary for the disbursing officers to show separately in the salary and establishment bills the amount of surcharge deducted by them at source in order to facilitate separate classification in the accounts. I am to request that, if the Provincial Government see no objection, necessary instructions may kindly be issued to all disbursing officers at a very early date.

you

Dated 12th June 1951.

Addenda and Corrigenda to the Mysore Service Regulations.

Article 479 ... ... Page 155

No. Fl. 1641—S. & A. 59-51-4. Substitute the following for the existing classification in respect of Railway accommodation :—

		Class in Railway
"1	Officers drawing salary of Rs. 600 and above...	I Class
2	Do do of Rs. 300 and above but below Rs. 600.	II Class
3	Officers drawing Rs. 150 and above but below Rs. 300.	Inter. Class
4	Others	III Class"

(Government Order No. Fl. 3279-3370—S. & A. 47-50-1, dated 20th July 1950).

Appendix M ... ... Page 244

Substitute the following for the existing rates of Railway accommodation :—

		Class in Railway
"1	Existing I Class	I Class
2	Special II Class	II Class
3	Ordinary II Class	Inter. Class
4	III Class	III Class"

(Government Order No. Fl. 3279-3370—S. & A. 47-50-1, dated 20th July 1950).

Article 479 ... ... Page 155

Add the following as Exception (2) and (3) under Article 479 of the Mysore Service Regulations treating the existing exception as Exception (1) :—

"Exception (2)—Officers in superior service borne on the Ministers' Establishment (other than the attenders) will be entitled to one II Class Railway-fare for the journey *plus* half the Railway-fare of the Class by which they are entitled to travel under the rules, whenever they accompany the Ministers on duty to places outside the State."

(Government Order No. Fl. 5858—S. & A. 85-50-2, dated 10th October 1950).

"Exception (3)—Officers in superior service borne on the Ministers' Establishment and doing duties as Personal Assistants who are not entitled to travel in II Class by virtue of their salary are permitted to travel in II Class whenever they accompany the Ministers on duty within the State and to claim a single II Class fare *plus* the incidental fare (equal to one-half of the fare of the class by which they are ordinarily entitled to travel)."

(Government Order No. Fl. 8212—S. & A. 125-50-1, dated 12th January 1951).

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

1856

Dated 18th June 1951.

No. Fl. (B) 548—L.F.A. 18-51-3. The designation of the Examiner, Local Fund Accounts is changed to "Controller, State Accounts Department".

The subordinate Gazetted Officers of the State Accounts Department will be, designated as "Deputy Controller or Assistant Controller, State Accounts Department", as the case may be, without prejudice to the other designations such officers may have while working in the other Departments.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

M. SHAMANNA,
Secretary to Government,
2021 *Finance Department.*

REVENUE SECRETARIAT

Dated 8th June 1951.

No. L.B. 3220—V.P. 10-51-2. Under Section 48 (1) of the Mysore Land Acquisition Act, 1894, as amended from time to time, it is hereby notified that the acquisition of two acres and five guntas of land out of Survey Nos. 1—2, 2, 7—3, and 7—12 of Basavanakote Village, Jagalur Taluk, sanctioned in Government Order No. L.B. 6594-7—A.D.C. 4-49-22, dated 22nd December 1949, required for burial ground is withdrawn as the said land is not required for the purpose originally intended.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja.

1808

Dated 8th June 1951.

No. L.B. 3224—V.P. 10-51-10. Under Section 48 (1) of the Mysore Land Acqisition Act, 1894, as amended from time to time, it is hereby notified that the acquisition of twenty guntas of land out of Survey No. 1 of Vanderaguppe Village, Channapatna Taluk, sanctioned in Government Order No. L.B. 3480-3—V.P. 1-47-361, dated 29th October 1948, for the purpose of construction of a School Building is withdrawn, as the land is reported to be not required for the purpose originally intended.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

1809

Dated 9th June 1951.

No. L.B. 3327 A.D.C. 11-51-4. Under Section 48 (1) of the Mysore Land Acquisition Act of 1894, as amended from time to time, and the Rules framed thereunder, it is hereby notified that the acquisition of one acre and twenty guntas of landout of Survey Nos. 360—2 and 391 of Hodakehosahalli Village, Kasaba Hobli, Channapatna Taluk,